

AWS Cloud Practitioner - 2

Compute, storage and networking



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Lambda - Overview

- "Serverless" event processing
- Use either one of the supported languages, bring your own, or use a docker container
- Used in other services
 - o e.g. Custom AWS Config rules
- Can run in VPC's
- Cold/warm starts



Lambda - P2

- Pricing per GB-month and invocation
- CPU is dependant on RAM
- 15 minute max runtime
- Uses an execution role for permissions
- Trigger from SNS/SQS/S3/Cloudwatch...

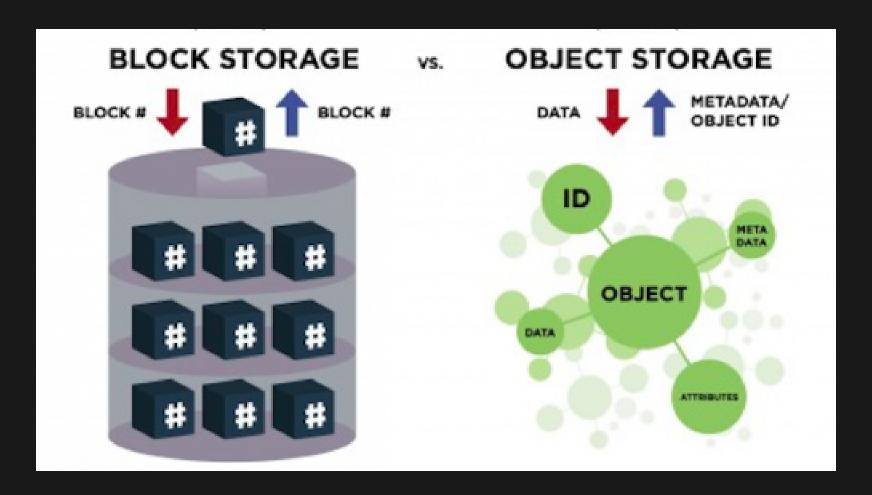


S3

- "malloc for the internet"
- Backs a host of AWS services
- Supports static site hosting
- Total size limited by your wallet
- 11 9's of durability (NOT Availability)
- Max 5TB object size



Object and block storage





S3 Storage tiers

- Different tiers, different pricing models
- Standard is for stuff served regularly
- IA variants are for stuff you need within milliseconds, but not constantly
- Glacier variants are really for archiving



More S3 Features

- Routing Rules
- "Requester pays" supported
- Signed urls
- Bucket policies
- MFA Delete
- Versioning
- Replication
- Lifecycle policies



Cloudfront and acceleration

- CloudFront is AWS' CDN
- Usually what you put in front of an s3 bucket
- Can serve multiple origins, and supports OAI/OAC
- Global Accelerator gives you fixed ips that act as an entrypoint into the AWS Backbone
- Transfer acceleration is basically GA for S3



EC2

- VMs in AWS
- Always run in a VPC
- Back a bunch of other AWS services (ECS/EKS/RDS/ElastiCache...)
- Run AMIs
- Instance families for different use-cases
- There's a marketplace for AMIs
- Spot for temp/interruptable workloads
- Reserved for constant usage over years

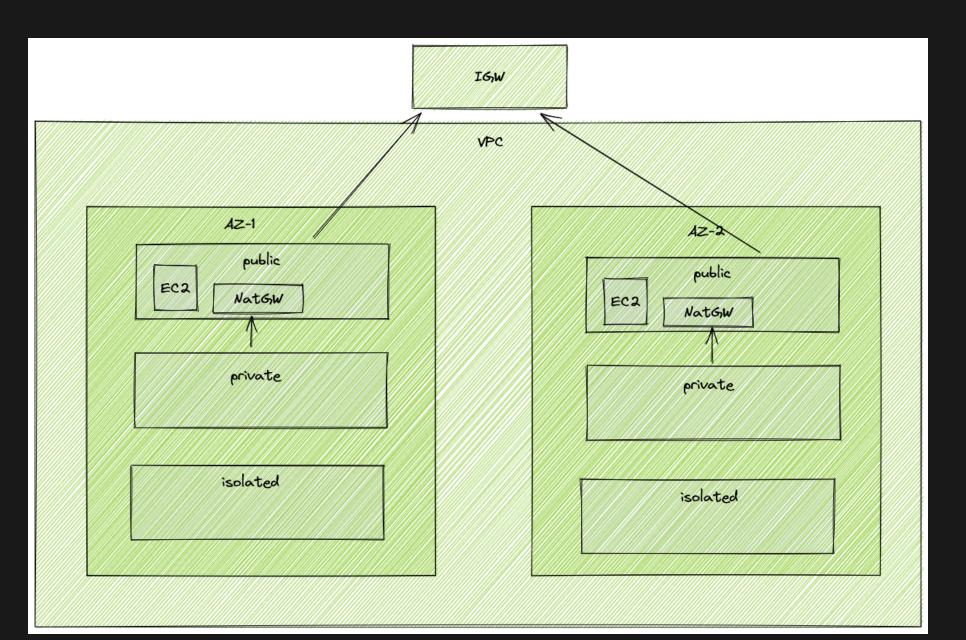


EC2 Adjacent services

- Autoscaling
 - CPU/Memory load
 - Schedule
 - Anything with a lambda
- Autoscaling supports multiple placement types depending on usage
- Network throughput depends on size and instance type
- Instance connect



VPC





CIDR Notation - 10.2.0.0/16

Classless Inter-Domain Routing notation

- An Ipv4 is 4x8 bits
 - 10.2.33.5
 - 00001010.00000010.0010001.111111110
- The /something denotes the number of bits from the left that are set/static
- /16 has 254 /24 blocks



VPC Usage

- Main CIDR block subdivided into N subnets
- A subnet is part of a single AZ
- Security groups are stateful "firewall" rules
- Being in the same secgroup doesn't imply everything can access each other
- NACLs are stateless and on network level
- A Route table tells the traffic where to go. Defined per subnet

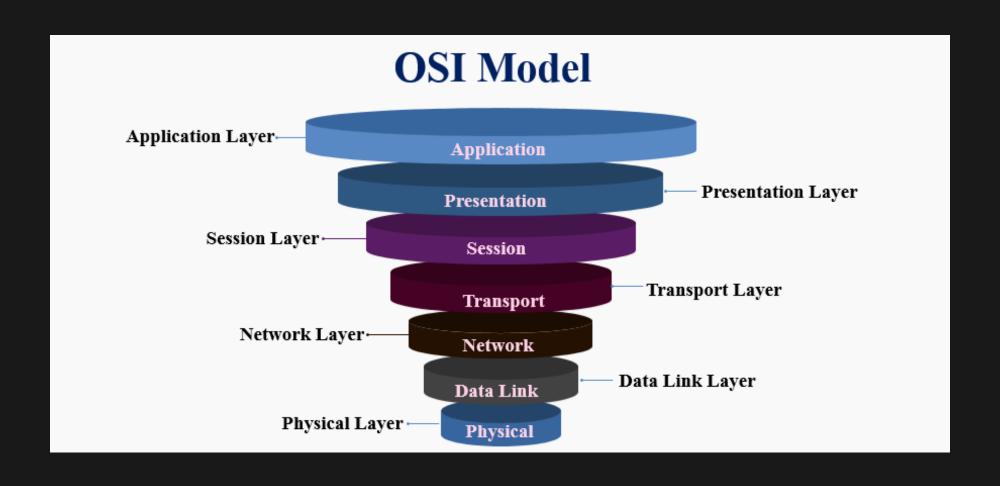


Load balancing

- Application load balancer, Layer 7. Supports path routing and SSL certs
- NLB, Layer 4 routing. More performant, supports TCP/UDP connections
- Load balancer points to target group, target group points to targets
- Supports health checking



OSI Model





Storage - EBS

- EBS Elastic block storage
 - Essentially a harddrive/SSD plugged into a VM
 - Storage and IOPS are the two important metrics
- Instance store. Storage physically attached to the host of your VM
 - EPHEMERAL
 - Data removed when: Storage device fails, instance stops/hibernates/terminates



Storage - Others

- EFS Elastic file storage
 - NAS for your AWS services
 - Throughput scales with stored files
- FSx
 - Various flavors, high performance distributed file systems



Storage gateway

- Storage gateways
 - Proxy between AWS and on prem
 - Can cache locally, uses S3 in the backend
- File gatway
 - Pretends to be a network share
- Volume gateway
 - Pretends to be a block device
- Tape gateway
 - Pretends to be a tape device



Backups

- AWS Backup
 - One stop shop for aws backups
 - DynamoDB/EBS/S3/Etc
- EBS Snapshots



Questions?